

### The regulatory framework of light pollution in France

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#### Regulation before 2018

- « Grenelle » laws, 2009-2010
  - Prevent and limit disturbance for people and for the environment because of artificial light and limit power consumption
- Energy transition law, 2015
  - Climate-air-energy transition plans : actions to control of energy consumption and light pollution
- Biodiversity law, 2016
  - Nocturnal landscapes : common national heritage
  - Nocturnal environment must be protected
  - « green and blue infrastructure » : take artificial light at night into account
  - Decree (décret) n° 2011-831 of 12/07/2011 : prevention and limitation of light pollution Order (arrêté) of 25/01/2013 : non residential buildings



### New order of December, 27th 2018

- The 2013 order did not fulfill all the application scope of the 2011 decree
- A new order was signed in December, 27th 2018
- Modified in May and in December 2019



### Scope of the 2018 order (1)

- > All light types defined in the 2011 decree
  - Exterior lighting for travel security and user comfort (excluding lighting and vehicle signals)
  - b) Heritage enhancement, gardens
  - Outdoor sports equipment
  - Illumination of building facades and interior lighting emitted to the exterior
  - e) Uncovered or semi-covered car parks
  - f) Outdoor events
  - g) Outdoor sites



### Scope of the 2018 order (2)

- Inside agglomeration / outside agglomerations / astronomical site / protected natural areas
- Public and private lighting



## The decree has two kinds of measures

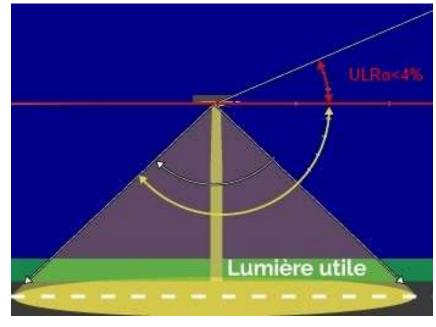
- Lighting time
  - Between dusk and dawn
  - Depends on the activity
  - No obligation to turn the light off for public lighting
- Technical prescriptions
  - Do not light the sky
  - Color temperature
  - Flow code n°3: limit glare
  - Luminous flux density
    - >sobriety of lighting



#### **Examples of prescriptions**

- Proportion of upward lighting
  - For types a) and e) lightings
  - $_{\alpha}$ <1% for nominal value (except for style lantern)
  - $_{\circ}$  ULR<sub> $\alpha$ </sub><4 % in real
- Intrusive light
  - No excessive light in housings







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#### **Examples of prescriptions**

Surface density of luminous flux
The surface to be lighted is the only surface taken into account

| Abords    |
|-----------|
| Trottoirs |
| Route     |
| Trottoirs |
| Abords    |



# Specific rules for protected natural areas

- Some of prescriptions are more restrictive, depending on the type of protected natural area
- The prefect can enforce more restrictive prescriptions, once local authorities have issued their opinions
- ➤ Prohibition of light cannons (> 100,000 lumens) and laser beams
   ➤ No aquatic environment watercourse lighting (except security) → not restricted to protected areas



### Entry into force (1)

29/12/18 : cannons ban> 100,000 lm in protected natural areas and the perimeter of certain astronomical sites

> 01/01/20 : for new installations



#### **Entry into force 2)**

- Installations prior to 01/01/20
  - Provisions of the 2013 decree are maintained
  - 01/01/20: if possible: no light above the horizontal
  - 01/01/20 : prefects can sign decrees
  - 01/01/20 : no aquatic environment lighting (except for safe movements)
  - 01/01/21 : time prescriptions
  - 01/01/25: ban on luminaires lighting 50% above horizontal (for luminaires whose ULRα is limited in the decree)



#### Conclusion

- Order = step in the regulation of light pollution
- Appropriation by professionals, managers, owners ... crucial
- > Light up what is needed, when it is needed
- Gradual renewal of lighting installations
- For each new light or renewal: is the light appropriate? For what purpose? At what level? How long?



# THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION



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